Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, injury or death. Read the installation and operating and maintenance instructions thoroughly before installing or servicing this equipment.

SAFETY ALERT:
This heater must be installed and serviced only by a trained gas service technician. Failure to comply could result in personal injury, death, fire and/or property damage.

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapours and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other gas fired appliance.

IF YOU SMELL GAS:
- Extinguish any open flame
- Do not attempt to light this or any other appliance
- Don’t touch any electrical switch, or telephone
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor’s phone
- Follow any and all instruction from your gas supplier
- If your gas supplier is not available, call the fire department

FIELD CONVERTIBILITY:
This appliance is field convertible to LP gas using an optional kit supplied by the manufacturer.

Keep this manual in a secure place. Record for future reference:
Model #: __________________________
Serial #: __________________________
(located on heater rating label)
NOTICE:

This manual is current for this product. Occasional revision of the product Certification Standard may require changes to the product and/or this manual.

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# P40U (-P, -W) / P40U-I (-IP, -IW) SERIES
GAS FIRED INFRARED LOW INTENSITY U-TUBE TYPE

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### CHANNEL GASLITER MICRO 50N DSI

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INSPECT PRODUCT UPON RECEIPT

Inspect the carton and heater for concealed damage. Note any damage on the Bill of Lading and make any damage claim to the transport company as soon as possible.

APPLICATION

It is beyond the scope of these instructions to consider all conditions that may be encountered. Installation must conform with local building codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 in the U.S.A. or the Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code, CSA B149.1 in Canada. The latest edition Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA N0 70 in the U.S.A. and PART 1 CSA C22.1 in Canada must also be observed.

Installation of a gas fired tube heater must conform to all heating installation procedures including clearance to combustibles, connection to the gas and electrical supplies, and ventilation. This heater is not for installation indoors in a residence. Refer to model P40-R for residential garage / workshop application.

This heater is not for installation in a Class 1 or Class 2 explosive environment. If the application is in question, consult with local authorities having jurisdiction (Fire Marshall, labor department, insurance underwriter, or other authority).

Revisions to codes and/or standards, may require revision to equipment and installation procedures. In case of discrepancy, the latest codes, standards, and installation manual will take priority over prior releases.

SPECIFIC APPLICATION BY AVAILABLE MODELS in this Series:

Models P40U / P40U-I for heating of commercial/industrial non-residential indoor spaces.
Models P40U-P and P40U-IP have a powder coated water resistant burner enclosure for heating commercial / industrial wet indoor environments, or outdoor spaces including residential.
Models P40U-W and P40U-IW have a stainless steel water resistant burner enclosure for heating commercial / industrial wet indoor environments, or outdoor spaces including residential.

WARNING:
Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, injury or death.

Read and understand this installation and operation manual thoroughly prior to assembly, installation, operation or service to this appliance.

This heater must be installed and serviced only by a trained gas service technician.

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapours and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other gas fired appliance.

Failure to comply could result in personal injury, death, fire and/or property damage.

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapours and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other gas fired appliance.

This appliance may have sharp edges and corners. Wear protective clothing such as gloves and protective eye wear when servicing this or any other appliance.

California Proposition 65:

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including carbon monoxide, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov
**Heater Expansion**

It is a normal condition that during heat-up and cool-down a tube heater will expand and contract. Allowances for heater expansion must be made in the gas connection, venting and combustion air ducting. Improper installation, alteration, or adjustment can result in property damage, injury or death.  

Refer to Section 11

**Gas Connection**

Improper installation, connection, or adjustment can result in property damage, toxic gases, asphyxiation, injury or death. Using an approved flexible gas connector in the USA or Type 1 hose connector in Canada, the gas supply to the heater must be connected and tested in accordance with all local, state, provincial, and national codes (ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 in USA; B149.1 in Canada) and as indicated in this manual.  

Refer to Section 11

**Venting**

Inadequate venting of a heater may result in asphyxiation, carbon monoxide poisoning, injury or death. This heater may be vented from the space, or the products of combustion can be removed/diluted using mechanical or natural ventilation. Venting or ventilation must be in accordance with all local, state, provincial, and national codes (ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 in USA; B149.1 in Canada) and as indicated in this manual.

**Start-Up ‘SMOKE’ Condition**

During start up, the heating of material coatings used in the production process of tubes and reflectors will create smoke during the initial period of operation. This condition is normal and temporary.

Ensure that there is sufficient ventilation to adequately clear any smoke from the space.

Notify site and safety personnel to ensure that alarm systems are not unduly activated.

**THERMOSTAT SETTING FOR COMFORT**

Infrared radiant (IR) heating system provide comfort with the effect of radiant heat and ambient air heat.

If your IR system is controlled with a thermostat (TruTemp or ThermoControl Plus) that senses radiant heat, then set the thermostat to the desired comfort temperature (ie: 65°; 68°; 20°C).

If your IR system is controlled with a standard 24V or 120V thermostat that senses only air temperature, then start with a thermostat setting that is 5° to 7°F (3° to 5°C) lower than the desired comfort temperature. Some trial and error setting may be required to ‘fine tune’ the comfort temperature that best suits your site and provides most economical operation.
Clearance to combustibles

Location of flammable or explosive objects, liquids or vapors close to the heater may cause fire or explosion and result in property damage, injury or death. Do not use, store or locate flammable or explosive objects, liquids or vapors in proximity of the heater.

The clearance to combustible material represents the minimum distance that must be maintained between the outer heater surface and a nearby surface. The stated clearance to combustibles represents a surface temperature of 90°F (50°C) above room temperature. It is the installer’s responsibility to ensure that building materials with a low heat tolerance which may degrade at lower temperatures are protected to prevent degradation. Examples of low heat tolerance materials include vinyl siding, fabrics, some plastics, filmy materials, etc.

In locations used for the storage of combustible materials, signs must be posted to specify the maximum permissible stacking height to maintain the required clearances from the heater to the combustibles. Such signs must either be posted adjacent to the heater thermostats or in the absence of such thermostats in a conspicuous location. In addition to stored or stationary material, consideration must also be given to moveable objects such as cranes, vehicles, and overhead doors, and structural objects such as sprinkler heads, electrical and gas lines, and electrical fixtures.

It is beyond the scope of these instructions to consider all conditions that may be encountered. Consult local authorities such as the Fire Marshall, insurance carrier, or safety authorities if you are uncertain as to the safety or applicability of the proposed installation.

Refer to Figure 1 and Table 1 for the certified clearances to combustibles for the appropriate model input/size.
FIGURE 1 MINIMUM CLEARANCES TO COMBUSTIBLES* - Table 1 lists values

Calculate Maximum Stack Height ‘H’: (Enter value ‘H’ on the peel and stick label supplied)
- \( H = T - 55 \text{ inches (140 cm)} \)
- ‘T’ is measured on site = distance from the bottom of the heater hanger to the floor
- 55 inches (140 cm) is the required minimum clearance below the heater

TABLE 1 MINIMUM CLEARANCES TO COMBUSTIBLE SURFACES OR MATERIALS*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MODELS</th>
<th>SUSPENDED HORIZONTALLY</th>
<th>SUSPENDED AT AN ANGLE UP TO 30 DEGREES</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TOP inches (cm)</td>
<td>BELOW inches (cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P40U / P40U-I</td>
<td>12 (31)</td>
<td>55 (140)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P40U-P / P40U-IP</td>
<td>12 (31)</td>
<td>55 (140)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P40U-W / P40U-IW</td>
<td>12 (31)</td>
<td>55 (140)</td>
</tr>
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*The clearance to combustible materials represents the minimum distance that must be maintained between the heater and a nearby surface. The stated clearance to combustibles represents a surface temperature of 90°F (50°C) above room temperature.
It is the installer’s responsibility to ensure that building materials with a low heat tolerance which may degrade at lower temperatures are protected to prevent degradation. Examples of low heat tolerance materials include vinyl siding, fabrics, some plastics, filmy materials, some coatings and laminated finishes, etc.

VENT END CLEARANCE: Clearances from the vent pipe are determined by local or national installation codes, but must not be less than 6 inches (15 cm). For ‘unvented’ installation, a minimum distance of 24 inches (61 cm) is required from the end of heater to a combustible surface.

**WARNING**

In locations used for the storage of combustible materials: **Signs must be posted** specifying the maximum permissible stacking height to maintain the required clearances from the heater to the combustibles.

The signs must be posted either adjacent to the IR heating system thermostats or in the absence of such thermostats, in a conspicuous place.

For your convenience a “peel and stick” sign is provided with this heater. Use a permanent marker to record the required dimensions on the sign.

‘H’ is a value calculated at site: \( H = T - C \)

- Measure the on site distance between bottom of the hanger and the floor = ‘T’ inches (cm).
- The minimum clearance to combustibles below this model heater is 55 inches (140 cm)
- Subtract 55 inches (140 cm) from ‘T’ to get value ‘H’.
- Enter the calculated value ‘H’ on the sign

For model P40U enter the values for other dimensions are: ‘S’ = 24” (61 cm), ‘F’= 36” (91.5 cm) and ‘B’ = 12” (30.5 cm). See Figure 1 and Table 1

Post this sign as instructed above.
1. **LABOR REQUIREMENTS**

Two persons are required to safely install this equipment. SHARP EDGES - Wear gloves and other required safety protection.

2. **INSTALLATION IN COMMERCIAL AIRCRAFT HANGARS**

Low intensity radiant tube heaters are suitable for use in aircraft hangars when installed in accordance with the latest edition of the Standard for Aircraft Hangars, ANSI/NFPA No 409 in the USA, or the Canadian *Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code*, B149.1.

A. A minimum clearance of 8 ft (2.4 m) must be maintained from the bottom of the heater to the floor in other sections of the aircraft hangar, such as offices and shops, which communicate with areas for servicing or storage. Refer to Table 1 for proper mounting clearances to combustibles.

B. Heaters must be located so as to be protected from damage by aircraft and other objects, such as cranes and movable scaffolding.

C. Heaters must be located so as to be accessible for servicing and adjustment.

3. **INSTALLATION IN COMMERCIAL GARAGES AND PARKING STRUCTURES**

Low Intensity Heaters are suitable for use in commercial garages when installed in accordance with the latest edition of the Standard for Parking Structures, ANSI/NFPA 88A, or the Standard for Repair Garages, ANSI/NFPA No. 88B, or the Canadian *Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code*, B149.1.

An overhead heater shall be located high enough to maintain the minimum distance to combustibles, as shown on the heater rating plate, from the heater to any vehicles parked below the heater.

Overhead heaters shall be installed at least 8 ft (2.4 m) above the floor.

4. **INSTALLATIONS OTHER THAN SPACE HEATING**

Use for process or other applications that are not space heating will void the C.S.A. certification and product warranty. Process application requires field inspection and/or certification by local authorities having jurisdiction.
WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, injury or death. Read and understand this installation and operation manual thoroughly prior to assembly, installation, operation or service to this appliance.

This heater must be installed and serviced only by a trained gas service technician.

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapours and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other gas fired appliance.

Failure to comply could result in personal injury, death, fire and/or property damage.

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapours and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other gas fired appliance.

5. PRE INSTALLATION SURVEY

It is recommended that a full heating design including heat loss calculation be conducted on the structure or area to be heated. Heater sizing and placement must consider available mounting height, sources of greatest heat loss, and the certified clearances to combustibles with respect to stored material, moveable objects (cranes, vehicles, lifts, overhead doors, etc), sprinkler system heads, and other obstructions on the site. Consideration must also be given to vent / duct placement and the allowable combined lengths of vent and duct. Carefully survey the area to be heated, and for best results place burner and combustion chamber in the coldest area(s).

Installation must conform with all local, state, provincial and national code requirements including the current latest edition ANSI Z223.1 (NFPA 54) in the U.S.A. and B149.1 installation code in Canada, for gas burning appliances and equipment. The latest edition Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA N0 70 in the U.S.A. and PART 1 CSA C22.1 in Canada must also be observed.

The heating system must have gas piping of the correct diameter, length, and arrangement to function properly. For this reason, a layout drawing is necessary.

6. MOUNTING CLEARANCES

This heater must be mounted with at least the minimum clearances between the heater and combustibles as shown in FIG-1, TABLE 1, Page 7. It is the installer’s responsibility to ensure that building materials with a low heat tolerance which may degrade at lower temperatures are protected to prevent degradation. Examples of low heat tolerance materials include vinyl siding, fabrics, some plastics, filmy materials, some coatings and laminated finishes, etc.

Ensure adequate clearance around the air intake at the burner to allow sufficient combustion air supply to the heater.
Proximity of lights, sprinkler heads, overhead doors, storage areas, gas and electrical lines, parked vehicles, cranes and any other possible obstruction or hazard must be evaluated.

It is recommended that Protective Guard JS-0502-UR-GK be installed on any heater mounted with less than 8 feet from floor to bottom of heater (See Accessories - Page 43).

6A. SERVICE CLEARANCE: The lower ‘jaw’ of the burner cabinet swings down to provide convenient service access to burner components. Provide a minimum clearance from any wall or obstruction of 6 inches (15 cm) to the access end of the burner housing, and a minimum of 24 inches (61 cm) to any ONE side to allow burner service. (see Figure 2 below)

The minimum clearances to combustibles must always be maintained.

---

7. GUIDELINES FOR HEATER PLACEMENT* - SPACE HEATING APPLICATIONS

**TABLE 2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MODEL</th>
<th>GUIDELINE * MOUNTING HEIGHT ft (m)</th>
<th>MAXIMUM BETWEEN HEATERS ft (m)</th>
<th>DISTANCE – HEATER LONG AXIS PARALLEL TO WALL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P40U / P40U-I</td>
<td>8 – 18 (2.4 - 5.5)</td>
<td>20 (6)</td>
<td>MINIMUM: COMBUSTIBLE CLEARANCE BEHIND (refer to Table 1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P40U-P / P40U-IP</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P40U-W / P40U-IW</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

* GUIDELINE MOUNTING HEIGHTS are typical to provide optimum comfort in general space heating applications. Variance from these typical heights can occur in some applications:

- Higher mounting height due to structure or application requirements
- For ‘area’ or ‘spot’ heat, or in areas with greater infiltration rates (near overhead doors, etc) where more intense heat is needed to provide better comfort then lower mounting heights are recommended (minimum 8 ft [2.4 m] mounting height)
- It is recommended that Protective Guard JS-0502-UR-GK be installed on any heater mounted with less than 8 feet from floor to bottom of heater (See Accessories - Page 42)
**IMPORTANT**: Single or multiple heater placement must be such that continuous operation of heaters will not cause combustible material or materials in storage to reach a temperature in excess of ambient temperature plus 90°F (50°C).

It is the installer’s responsibility to ensure that building materials with a low heat tolerance which may degrade at lower temperatures are protected to prevent degradation. Examples of low heat tolerance materials include vinyl siding, fabrics, some plastics, filmy materials, etc.

Refer to “Clearance to Combustibles” information on pages 6 to 8.

### 8. HEATER INSTALLATION

Inadequate or improper suspension of the tube heater can result in collapse of the system, property damage, and personal injury or death.

It is the installer’s responsibility to ensure that the hardware and structural supports from which the heater is suspended are sound and of adequate strength to support the weight and expansion forces of the heater.

**USE CARE & CAUTION WHEN LIFTING HEATER FROM CARTON**

1. **DO NOT LIFT THE HEATER BY THE REFLECTOR**
2. **CHAINS PROVIDED ARE TO LIFT HEATER FROM CARTON AND FOR HANDLING PURPOSE ONLY**
3. **WHEN HANDLING FROM BENEATH HEATER - HANDLE BY TUBE NOT REFLECTOR**
4. **KEEP THE HEATER HORIZONTAL / LEVEL ALONG ITS LENGTH WHILE HANDLING AND INSTALLING**
5. **AT LEAST 2 PERSONS ARE REQUIRED TO LIFT AND INSTALL THIS HEATER**
6. **LIFT SAFELY - LIFT WITH YOUR LEGS AND KEEP BACK STRAIGHT - DO NOT BEND OR TWIST.**
7. **BEWARE - SHARP EDGES! WEAR PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND CLOTHING WHEN HANDLING**

**IMPORTANT**: FIRST READ and ensure that installation adheres to the information provided on pages 4 to 8 of this manual, and all national and local codes.

Refer to Figures on next pages for figures and dimensions to assist in installation.

1. Establish the location and install the structural mounting supports and any suspension hardware (chain, etc) prior to removing heater from the carton
2. Connect to the structure using mechanically sound means to support the weight. Examples of typical hardware are illustrated in **FIGURE 3 NEXT PAGE**.
   b) If rigid hardware such as 3/8" threaded rod is used for suspension, swing joints or other means must be provided to allow for system expansion - approximately ½ inch for P40U.
3. P40U Models are packaged with the burner assembled to the tube system at the factory.
For many applications a pre-assembled heater simplifies installation.

4. However, for applications where there is constrained access to the installation location, or if the tube/reflector system is to be oriented at a 30° mounting angle (see 8. below), we recommend removal of the burner assembly prior to installation of the tube/reflector assembly. Simply disconnect the spark wire from the igniter and remove the four bolts that fasten the burner to the tube flange. Reinstall the burner after the tube system is installed.

5. Survey the available structural supports, considering the system configuration and heat requirements of the area to establish the optimum heater location.

6. Locating a heater directly under joists or beams, and/or installing supplemental steel support rail or angle iron can substantially reduce labor and material costs.

7. The P40U tube system hangers are located 72 inches (183 cm) apart.

8. The tube/reflector system can be oriented on the short axis from horizontal to an angle up to 30 degrees in either direction with the burner in the upper or lower position. The heater must be level along its length, and the burner positioned level across its width.

9. If the tube/reflector assembly is to be suspended at an angle up to 30°, the burner mounting flange has a slot pattern that allows adjustment (rotation) of the burner to a horizontal position for proper operation - BURNER MUST BE HORIZONTAL ACROSS THE WIDTH (see Figure 6 below).
   - Install the tube/reflector system as above, with tube/reflector assembly angled up to 30°
   - Loosen the 4 nuts (2 or 3 turns) until burner studs can rotate within the flange slots
   - CAUTION: Use care to ensure that the gasket between burner and flange rotates with the burner and is not damaged
   - Rotate burner to level position across its width
   - Tighten the 4 nuts to secure the burner in the horizontal position.

10. Hardware with a minimum 100 lb. (45 kg) work load must be used at each heater suspension point. A #2 Lion Chain or equivalent is typically used to suspend the heater.

11. The heater must be supported at all four mounting tabs on the hangers. Also install a chain from the eye hook at the upper corner of the burner to maintain system orientation.

12. For seismic and high wind restraint see Sections 8-A & 8-B, page 16.

![FIGURE 3 TYPICAL MOUNTING HARDWARE](image)

---

NOTE: It is the installer’s responsibility to ensure that mounting hardware and fastening to structure are of sufficient strength and integrity to support the system.
For 30° angle mount: Install tube assembly at angle. Loosen burner bolts (4). Rotate burner to horizontal position - use care not to damage gasket.

**FIGURE 4 TYPICAL SUSPENSION**

Use all four suspension points + a chain at burner eye hook. Hardware capable of supporting minimum 100 lbs (45 kg) at each suspension point. For seismic and high wind restraint see SERVICE ACCESS: ALLOW A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES (15 cm) FROM THE ACCESS END OF THE BURNER AND A MINIMUM OF 24 INCHES (60 cm) FROM EITHER SIDE OF THE BURNER TO A WALL OR ANY OBSTRUCTION THAT WOULD RESTRICT OR LIMIT ACCESS TO THE BURNER (SEE SECTIONS 5 & 6 - PRE-INSTALLATION SURVEY AND MOUNTING CLEARANCES)

**FIGURE 5 HEATER DIMENSIONS**

Turbulators (factory installed in tube): Burner side tube: 39” (990 mm)

Turbulators:
The system is assembled at the factory with turbulators inside the tube. The turbulators serve to increase system efficiency and lower the vent temperature. The turbulators must remain in place inside the tube.

Burner side tube: 39” (990 mm) Turbulator (located at elbow, away from burner)
Vent side tube: 90” (2286 mm) Turbulator
FIGURE 6  HEATER SUSPENSION: HORIZONTAL; UP TO 30° ANGLE (Either Direction)

SLOTS IN TUBE FLANGE ALLOW BURNER ROTATION & HEATER SUSPENSION UP TO ±30°

LEVEL ACROSS BURNER

UP TO ±30° ANGLE SUSPENSION:
- VENT SIDE CAN BE UPPER OR LOWER
- LOOSEN 4 NUTS ON BURNER STUDS
- USE CARE NOT TO DAMAGE GASKET
- ROTATE BURNER TO LEVEL POSITION
- TIGHTEN NUTS TO SECURE
8-A SUGGESTED SEISMIC RESTRAINT - Lateral and Longitudinal Planes

NOTE: Seismic restraint requirements vary greatly by geographic region or area. The information below is a guideline only for suspension of the heater. Adhere to specific seismic requirements and specifications of local engineering authority.

In areas prone to earthquake, or specified on a project, install lateral and longitudinal seismic restraints as suggested in Figure 7. If the heater location can be impacted by wind (near overhead doors, aircraft hangars, outdoors, etc) refer to High Wind Restraint section 8-B below.

These guidelines indicate attachment of suspension and restraint hardware to the heater. The attachment of suspension hardware to the structure will be as required by site structural conditions, installation codes, and/or local engineering specifications. Other types or systems of restraint that are specified by local or national codes, or by project engineering design specifications may be required.

All required seismic mounting hardware is field supplied by the installer according to local specifications.

FIGURE 7

8-B SUGGESTED HIGH WIND RESTRAINT: Lateral, Longitudinal, and Vertical Planes

In areas with wind conditions that can impact the heater (outdoor, aircraft hangars, etc): in addition to lateral and longitudinal restraint the heater should be restrained from vertical movement (lift).

Suspend the heater using 3/8" threaded rod with 3" adjustment turnbuckle at each hanger location to restrain up-and-down movement.

Install angled chains for lateral and longitudinal restraint.

FIGURE 8
9. **FLUE VENTING**

**WARNING**  
Inadequate venting of a heater may result in asphyxiation, carbon monoxide poisoning, injury or death. This heater may use a vent connection or indirect venting system to remove products of combustion from the space. Seal all vent connections with high temperature sealant. Venting must be in accordance with all local, state, provincial, and national codes (ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 in USA; B149.1 in Canada) and as indicated below in this manual.

**THIS TUBE HEATER IS APPROVED FOR VENTING DIRECTLY TO THE OUTSIDE AND UNVENTED (INDIRECT VENTING) APPLICATIONS. THE SYSTEM MUST NOT BE OPERATED WITHIN A NEGATIVE AIR CONDITION UNLESS COMBUSTION AIR IS DUCTED FROM OUTSIDE DIRECTLY TO THE BURNER.**

**IF NEGATIVE PRESSURE IS EXPERIENCED OR ANTICIPATED, THE SECOND PORT (BARB) ON THE BLOCKED FLUE SWITCH MUST BE CONNECTED DIRECTLY TO OUTSIDE AIR USING 1/4” PLASTIC HOSE FROM BLOCKED FLUE SWITCH TO OUTSIDE OF BUILDING (FIELD SUPPLIED).**

**UNVENTED (INDIRECT MECHANICAL VENTING SYSTEM)**

Indirect venting must not be used if the building experiences a negative air condition. A minimum 3 ft (91 cm) length of single walled vent pipe is to be installed on the swaged end of the last tube.

**USA:** Natural or mechanical means shall be provided to supply and exhaust at least 4ft³/min/1000Btu/h (0.38m³/min/kW) input of installed heaters. Some local codes may require an electrical interlock to a dedicated exhaust fan. Exhaust must be located as high as practicable in the structure above the level of the heater(s). Consult your local code and ANSI Z223.1 latest edition for all venting requirements and practices.

**Canada:** It is required that the heater(s) be electrically interlocked to dedicated exhaust fan(s) by means of an Air Proving Switch. Exhaust fan(s) must be sized to create 300 cfm (8.5 cu m/min) exhaust for every 100,000 Btu/h (30 kW) or any fraction thereof of total input of installed equipment. Exhaust must be located as high as practicable in the structure above the level of the heater(s). Sufficient supply air must be provided. Consult the latest edition of CSA.B149.1 Section 8 for venting system and air supply requirements.

**VENTED DIRECTLY TO THE OUTSIDE - GENERAL**

It is the sole responsibility of the installer to adhere to all current local codes and/or ANSI Z223.1 / CSA.B149.1 latest editions for all venting requirements, and practices.

It is a normal condition that during heat-up and cool-down a tube heater will expand and contract. **Allowance for heater expansion must be made in the vent and combustion air duct.** Improper installation can result in property damage, injury or death.

- All approved vent pipe, adapters, and thimbles are supplied locally by others.
- A ‘special venting system’ was certified with this heater: Venting must be minimum 26 gauge single-wall galvanized vent pipe of 4” (10 cm) diameter, except that portion of vent passing through a wall or roof can be 4” double-wall Type B-Vent.
- Each 90° elbow in the vent is equivalent to 5 ft [1.5 m]
- Optionally, two heaters may be vented through an approved common 4” x 4” x 6” Vent Tee (10 x 10 x 15 cm), supplied by the manufacturer. Vent pipe from each heater does not need to be equidistant to the vent Tee, but must not exceed 20 feet [6.1 m] equivalent length from each heater. When T-vented, both heaters must be controlled by a single common thermostat or “ON/OFF” switch.
• Install a minimum 36 inch (91 cm) length of minimum 26 gauge single walled 4” (10 cm) diameter vent pipe on the system, and a minimum 12 inch (30 cm) before any Elbow or Tee.
• Seal all vent connections with high temperature sealant. Vent connections must be secured with three (3) #8 sheet metal screws uniformly spaced around the circumference of the pipe.
• Any horizontal vent pipe must slope approx. 1/4” per foot away from heater. DO NOT DROP THE LEVEL OF THE VENT BELOW THE HEATER MORE THAN 1/4” PER FOOT
• When the vent pipe passes through a cold or unheated area where the ambient temperature is likely to produce condensation of the flue gases, the vent pipe will be insulated with a suitable material as approved and specified by the insulation manufacturer to withstand temperature up to 460°F (238°C).
• The vent system must always be adequately supported to prevent sagging.

HORIZONTAL VENT THROUGH SIDEWALL:
• Any horizontal portion of the flue vent system must slope downwards approximately 1/4” per foot (63 mm/ 300 mm) toward the vent terminal - radiant tube must be level. DO NOT DROP THE LEVEL OF THE VENT BELOW THE HEATER MORE THAN 1/4” PER FOOT

Clearances for horizontal flue vent:
• Will not terminate less than 1 ft (30 cm) above grade level, unless its location is adjacent to public walkways, then it must not terminate less than 7 ft (2.1m) above the walkway.
• Below a combustible overhang or soffit:
  • As indicated in FIGURE 5 for approved terminations: 4” (10 cm) JA-0528-XX or 6” (15 cm) JA-0529-XX
  • For other approved terminations: Will terminate 3 ft (90 cm) or more below a combustible soffit or overhang.

USA specific horizontal vent requirements:
• The bottom of the vent terminal and the air intake shall be located at least 12 inches (300mm) above grade.
• A horizontal vent will not terminate:
  • Less than 3 ft (90 cm) above a mechanical air inlet located within 10 ft (3.1 m)
  • Less than 4 ft (1.2 m) below, 4 ft (1.2 m) horizontally from, and 1 ft (0.3 m) above any window or door that opens, or gravity air inlet to a building
  • Less than 4 ft (1.2 m) horizontal clearance from gas and electric meters, regulators and relief equipment

CANADA specific horizontal vent requirements:
• A horizontal vent will not terminate:
  • Within 6 ft (1.8 m) of a mechanical air supply inlet to any building.
  • Above a gas utility meter and regulator assembly within 3 ft (0.9 m) horizontally of the vertical centerline of the regulator vent outlet to a maximum vertical distance of 15 ft (4.5 m).
  • Within 3 ft (90 cm) of any gas pressure regulator vent outlet
  • Within the following distances of a window or door that can be opened in any building, of any non-mechanical air-supply inlet to any building, or of the combustion air inlet of any other appliance:
    • 12 inches (30 cm) for inputs up to and including 100,000 Btuh (30 kW)
- Maximum allowable flue vent length is equivalent to 20 feet [6.1 m]
- A maximum of two 90° elbows can be installed in a horizontal vent
- Each 90° elbow in the vent is equivalent to 5 ft [1.5 m]
- Use approved 4" (10 cm) (JA-0528-XX) or 6" (15 cm) (JA-0529-XX) horizontal wall vent terminal OR a High-Wind type termination cap approved by a recognized certification agency
- Install any termination cap a minimum of 18 inches (45 cm) from the outside wall to the inside edge of terminal opening to alleviate back pressure caused by turbulent wind conditions (See Fig. 4). Ensure flue gases are directed away from the structure to protect building materials from degradation by the exhausted flue gases.
- Installation of the vent must prevent blockage by snow and protect building materials from degradation by flue gases.

**FIGURE 9- Heater Venting Horizontally Through Sidewall**

All Vent Pipe, Adapters, Thimbles by others. Can also be single-wall continuous to outside.
**VERTICAL VENT THROUGH THE ROOF:**

It is the sole responsibility of the installer to adhere to all current local codes and/or ANSI Z223.1 / CSA.B149.1 latest editions for all venting requirements, and practices.

- **Maximum allowable flue vent length is equivalent to 20 feet [6.1 m]**
- A maximum of two 90° elbows can be installed in a vertical vent
- Each 90° elbow in the vent is equivalent to 5 ft [1.5 m]
- Use an approved termination cap as supplied by the manufacturer of the vent
- When vent and combustion air are taken through the roof, the exhaust vent should always terminate higher than the combustion air intake, to prevent recycling the products of combustion back into the heater

**FIGURE 10 - Heater Venting Vertically Through Roof**

**COMMON VENTING OF TWO HEATERS:**

Optionally, two heaters may be vented through an approved common 4" x 4" x 6" Vent Tee (10 x 10 x 15 cm), supplied by the manufacturer.

- **Maximum allowable flue vent length is equivalent to 20 feet [6.1 m] from each heater.**
- Vent pipe from each heater does not need to be equidistant to the vent Tee.
- When T-vented, both heaters must be controlled by a single common thermostat or “ON/OFF” switch.
10. **COMBUSTION AIR DUCTING**

Whenever possible, locate the air intake and vent terminals in a common pressure area. For example on a common wall, or commonly through the roof. Depending upon wind conditions, terminations located in uncommon pressure areas can create intermittent operation problems.

Combustion Air Duct can be 4”, or 5” diameter (reduce to 4” only at connection to blower collar).

**4” Dia. Air Duct: Maximum combined total length of flue vent plus combustion air duct equivalent to 35 feet**, and neither the 4” diameter vent or duct component can exceed 20 feet.

**5” Dia. Air Duct: Maximum combined total length of flue vent plus combustion air duct equivalent to 50 feet.** The 4” diameter vent cannot exceed 20 feet; the 5” diameter air duct cannot exceed 35 feet.

- Total vent and duct length is reduced by five feet for every 90° elbow installed in the vent and/or duct system
- Exceeding the allowable lengths noted above may cause unreliable operation, create condensation or soot conditions, and will void CSA Certification and the heater warranty.

An opening is located on the top surface of the burner housing for combustion air. Ensure adequate clearance around this opening to allow sufficient combustion air supply to the heater. Combustion air duct must be constructed of noncombustible material.

When a tube heater is operated in a negative air condition, or air-born dust or contaminants are present as in woodworking and welding shops, air for combustion must be ducted from outside the negative or contaminated area to the 4 inch (10 cm) diameter intake collar supplied on the blower. See notes above for maximum combined equivalent vent and duct length.

The air intake will not be located less than:

- Three feet above grade
- Twelve inches from flue vent terminal of any heater with input up to 100,000 Btu/hr
- Three feet from flue vent terminal of any heater over 100,000 Btu/hr

**Do not install filters on the combustion air intake. Ensure adequate clearance around the air intake to allow sufficient combustion air supply to the heater.**

Optional 4 inch intake terminals are available for this heater:

- Part number: JS-0532-VC  Wall mount, bird-screened fresh air intake duct hood
- Part number: JS-0530-XX  Roof cap

Ensure adequate clearance around the air intake to allow sufficient combustion air supply to the heater. If drawing fresh air from outside, it is recommended that any single wall pipe containing cold air be insulated to prevent or reduce condensation on the pipe.

**Do not use flexible dryer hose** or any ‘soft wall’ tubing for air inlet duct, the soft corrugated sides of this tubing restrict air flow. A good quality industry approved insulated flex is allowed.

**CAUTION:** In locations where chlorinated Hydrocarbons are in use, such as Trichloroethylene or Chloroethylene Nu it is essential that combustion air be brought in from a non-contaminated area. Burning the fumes from these gases will create Hydrochloric acid fumes, which are detrimental to humans, equipment and buildings. Typical sources of other contaminants are paint removers, paints, refrigerants, solvents, adhesives, degreasers, lubricants, pesticides, etc.

*continued ...*
The heater manufacturer cannot anticipate all chemical compositions and types of potential contaminants at project sites. Confer with project site safety, health and engineering staff and/or local authorities having jurisdiction such as the Fire Marshall and Department of Labor for possible contaminants and any conflict with the installation of hot surface heating equipment.

11. GAS SUPPLY - GAS CONNECTION - HEATER EXPANSION

**CAUTION:** Compensation for expansion of gas supply pipe and radiant tube heater must be provided. All piping must conform to local and national codes.

**This heater will expand up to 1 inch (2.5 cm) in length during operation.** To allow for heater expansion the gas supply must be connected using the flexible gas connector that is supplied with this model heater:

- **In the USA:** a 1/2” x 24” stainless steel Flexible Gas Connector certified for use on an infrared radiant tube heater (ANSI Z21.24 CSA 6.10);
- **In CANADA:** a 1/2” x 36” (±6”) Type 1 Gas Hose Connector (CAN/CGA 8.1).

**IMPORTANT:** See page 23-24: Orientation of gas connector from gas supply.

**TEST FOR LEAKS:** All gas piping and connections must be tested for leaks after the installation is completed.

Apply soap suds solution to all connections and joints and if bubbles appear, leaks have been detected and must be corrected.

**DO NOT USE A MATCH OR OPEN FLAME OF ANY KIND TO TEST FOR LEAKS. NEVER OPERATE THE HEATER WITH LEAKING CONNECTIONS.**

Provide a 1/8 in (3.2 mm) NPT plugged tapping, accessible for test gauge connection, immediately upstream of the gas supply connection to the heater.

The supply system should be checked first with heater turned “OFF” followed by another check with heater turned “ON”.

**DO NOT** use pressure greater than 1/2 psig to pressure check the heater. During any pressure testing of the gas piping system each heater must be isolated from the piping system by closing its individual manual shut off valve (field supplied).

**IMPORTANT:** Minimum supply line pressure at the inlet to the heater regulator must not be lower than 5.0 inches of water column pressure for natural gas. The supply gas pressure must be checked with all heaters in operation.

Installation of a gas line (trap) “drip leg” is required at the inlet connection tee following the pipe drop to the heater. Failure to provide a “drip leg” could result in condensation and foreign matter passing into the gas valve. Failure to install a “drip leg” in the gas line can cause property damage, injury or death and will void the heater warranty.
### TABLE 4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GAS TYPE</th>
<th>LINE PRESSURE (INCHES WATER Column)</th>
<th>MANIFOLD PRESSURE (tap at gas valve outlet) (INCHES WATER Column)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MINIMUM</td>
<td>MAXIMUM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Gas</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>14.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LP Gas</td>
<td>11.0</td>
<td>14.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** Access to the manifold pressure test port is located on the top of the valve. A 3/16" Allen Key is required. A **manometer** should be used to check the manifold pressure. Gauges which measure in ounces or PSI are not accurate enough to measure or set the pressure.

**ORIENTATION OF FLEXIBLE GAS CONNECTOR**

The flexible gas connector MUST be installed in the orientation shown below as required by national installation codes and by the certification standard of this heater. This orientation protects the flexible gas connector from damage due to movement during heater expansion.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure correct installation of the flexible gas connector.

**FIGURE 12**

[Diagram showing incorrect and correct orientations of the flexible gas connector]

SEE CORRECT ORIENTATION OF FLEXIBLE GAS CONNECTOR NEXT PAGE
12. GAS CONVERSION

**WARNING:** Gas conversion must only be performed by a trained gas service technician.

Do not convert heater to alternate gas without using one of the kits listed below. Property damage, injury or death could result.

Standard production of this model heater is for use with natural gas. Field conversion between Natural Gas and Propane Gas can be accomplished using field conversion kits available from your local Schwank or InfraSave supplier:

- Part number: JS-0555-XA  P40U* - Natural Gas to Propane Gas Conversion Kit
- Part number: JS-0555-XB  P40U* - Propane Gas to Natural Gas Conversion Kit

*All models: Schwank P40U, P40U-P, P40U-W; InfraSave P40U-I, P40U-IP, P40U-IW
13. **ELECTRICAL AND THERMOSTAT WIRING** (WIRING DIAGRAMS PAGE 26 & 27)

**NOTICE** The heater must be electrically grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code. ANSI / NFPA 70 or current Canadian Electrical code CSA C22.1. Maximum power flow for internal 24V burner components is 21VA. Appliance and control wiring must be in accordance with all applicable local codes. The total load of all heaters must be considered in determining the required contact rating of the controlling thermostat or switch. Each tube heater requires 120V, 60 HZ electrical power sized for 145VA. Maximum power flow for internal 24V burner components is 21VA.

The ignition control includes a 24V/120V relay switch that provides a 45 second post-purge of the system. A 24V Thermostat, TruTemp Thermostat, or 24V controller signal must be used for the post-purge feature to function. A line voltage Thermostat or an “ON/OFF” switch will disable the post-purge feature.

A maximum night set-back of 9°F (5°C) is recommended for optimum economy and comfort. To maintain satisfactory comfort levels do not turn off the heating system over night/weekends.

14. **HIGH ALTITUDE INSTALLATIONS - also refer to chart in Section 28**

When installed above 2,000 ft altitude in the USA, the input must be de-rated by 4% for each 1000 ft. *If your local utility supplies gas with a de-rated heat content, no orifice change is required in the heater*. If the gas supply is not de-rated, the orifice must be changed according to the chart in Section 28. Check with your local utility regarding the gas supply and the de-rating of this appliance. Maintain gas supply pressures indicated in Table 4, page 33.

- **USA**: The factory installed orifice for this appliance is approved for altitudes zero to 2000 feet above sea level. When installed above 2000 feet, refer to Section 28.
- **Canada**: The factory installed orifice for this appliance is approved for altitudes zero to 4500 feet above sea level. When installed above 4500 feet, refer to Section 28.

15. **LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS**

Refer to the lighting instructions label on the outside of the burner housing. If the ignition control locks out on ‘safety’, main power to the unit must be manually interrupted for a 30 second reset period before the heater can be restarted.

**NOTE**: *On initial installation, the unit may lock out on safety owing to the length of time required to bleed air from the gas piping system.*

16. **RECOMMENDED MAINTENANCE**

Improper adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, injury or death. This heater must be installed and serviced only by a trained gas service technician.

1. Inspect the entire heater system, venting, and gas supply connections at least annually prior to the heating season. Replace worn parts and repair deficiencies.

2. Check the inlet air opening and the blower periodically, cleaning off any lint or foreign matter. It is important that the flow of combustion and ventilation air must not be obstructed.

3. Lubricate Blower motor, by adding several drops of oil to oil ports located on the left hand side of the blower motor.

THE TUBE HEATER BURNER IS COMPLETELY FACTORY ASSEMBLED AND TESTED. ANY ALTERATION VOIDS THE CSA CERTIFICATION AND MANUFACTURER’S WARRANTY. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, CONTACT YOUR LOCAL DISTRIBUTOR OR THE MANUFACTURER.
17. FENWAL DSI: WIRING DIAGRAM: 24V OR 120 VOLT THERMOSTAT OPERATION
SINGLE HEATER PER THERMOSTAT  (Multiple Heaters per Thermostat—next page)

NOTE: Models produced with FENWAL DSI have model designation: P40U-F & P40U-IF

OTHER DSI’s: MODELS P40U-P,-W - MICRO 50N - PAGE 31; HONEYWELL S87J - PAGES 59 - 61
18. MULTIPLE TUBE HEATERS per THERMOSTAT (ALL DSI TYPES)

**18. MULTIPLE TUBE HEATERS per THERMOSTAT (ALL DSI TYPES)**

**TRUTEMP or 3-Wire 24Vac Thermostat At Burner #1:**
- 3-Wire connection required
- Remove Jumper (TR to TW)
- TruTemp 'R' to TR
- TruTemp 'W' to TW
- TruTemp 'C' to G (ground)

**RELAY SWITCH P/N: JS-0568-CC**

**FIELD INSTALLED RELAY SWITCH REQUIRED TO ACTIVATE NEXT BURNER**
- Maximum Power Draw = 21VA

**120Vac SUPPLY**

**P/N: JS-0568-CC**

**FIELD INSTALLED RELAY SWITCH REQUIRED TO ACTIVATE NEXT BURNER**
- Maximum Power Draw = 21VA

**Remove Jumper TR to TW**

**P/N: JS-0568-CC**

**P/N: JS-0568-CC**

**BURNER #1** 2-Wire 24V Thermostat (see 3-Wire above)
19. **FENWAL DSI: SEQUENCE OF OPERATION / FLAME RECOVERY / SAFETY LOCKOUT**

**Power Up / Stand By**
Upon applying 24 volts power to 24VAC, the control will reset, perform a self check routine, initiate full time flame sensing, flash the diagnostic LED for up to four seconds, and enter the thermostat scan state.

**Heat Mode**
When a call for heat is received from the thermostat supplying 24 volts to TH, the control checks the pressure switch for normally open contacts. The combustion blower is then energized and once the pressure switch contacts close, a 30 second purge delay begins. Following the purge period the gas valve is energized and spark commences for the 15 second trial for ignition.

When flame is detected during the trial for ignition, spark is shut off immediately and the gas valve combustion blower remains energized. The thermostat, pressure switch, and main burner flame are constantly monitored to assure the system continues to operate properly. When the thermostat is satisfied and the demand for heat ends, the main valve is de-energized immediately, the control senses the loss of flame signal and initiates a 30 second post-purge period before de-energizing the combustion blower.

**Failure to Light - Lockout (THREE TRIAL MODEL)**
This three-try control will attempt two additional ignition trials with a 30 second inter-purge between trials, before going into ‘soft’ lockout. The valve relay will be de-energized immediately, and the combustion blower will be turned off following the 30 second post purge period.

If the thermostat continues to call for heat after one hour the control will automatically reset and attempt to ignite the burner again (three trials).

At any time less than the 1 hour auto-reset, recovery from lockout requires a manual reset by either resetting the thermostat or removing 24 volts for a period of 5 seconds.

**Flame Failure - Re-Ignition**
If the established flame signal is lost while the burner is operating, the control will respond within 0.8 seconds. The HV spark will be energized for a trial ignition period in an attempt to relight the burner. If the burner does not light the control will de-energize the gas valve. Two more attempts will be made to relight the burner. If the burner does not relight the control will go into ‘soft’ lockout as noted above in “Failure to Light”. If flame is re-established, normal operation resumes.

**Combustion Airflow Problems -Lockout**
Combustion air flow is continually monitored during an ignition sequence by the air flow switch (PSW). If during the initial call for heat the pressure contacts are in the closed position for 30 seconds without an output to the Combustion Blower, an air flow fault will be declared and the control will remain in this mode with the combustion blower off.

If the air flow switch remains open for more than 30 seconds after the combustion blower output (L1 & IND) is energized, an air flow fault will be declared and the control will stay in this mode with the combustion blower on, waiting for the air flow switch to close.

When proper air flow is detected from the air flow switch input (PSW) the control begins the pre-purge period followed with a 15 second ignition sequence.

If the air flow signal is lost while the burner is firing, the control will immediately de-energize the gas valve and the combustion blower will remain on. If the call for heat remains, the control will wait for proper air flow to return. If proper air flow is not detected after 30 seconds an air flow fault signal will be declared. If proper air flow is detected at any time, a normal sequence will begin with the pre-purge period.
Flame Fault
If at any time the main valve fails to close completely and maintains a flame, the full time flame sense circuit will detect it and energize the combustion blower. Should the main valve later close completely removing the flame signal, the combustion blower will power off following the optional post purge period.

Fault Conditions
The LED will flash on for 1/4 second, then off for 1/4 second during a fault condition. The pause between fault codes is 3 seconds.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Error Mode</th>
<th>LED Indication</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Internal Control Failure</td>
<td>Steady on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Flow Fault</td>
<td>1 flash</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flame with No Call for heat</td>
<td>2 flashes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ignition Lockout</td>
<td>3 flashes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MOUNTING AND WIRING
The Series 35-61 is not position sensitive and can be mounted vertically or horizontally. The case may be mounted on any surface with #6 sheet metal screws. All wiring must be done in accordance with local and national electrical code. Refer to wire diagram page 35 when connecting the Series 35-61 to other components in the burner.

WARNING
The Series 35-61 DSI Control uses voltages of shock hazard potential. Wiring and initial operation must be done by a qualified service technician. The control must be secured in an area that will experience a minimum of vibration and remain below the operating temperature of 160°F. All connections should be made with UL approved 105°C rated 18 gauge, stranded, .054 thick insulated wire. Refer to wire diagram page 35 when connecting the Series 35-61 to other components in the burner.

CAUTION:
Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. A functional checkout of a replacement control is recommended.

PROPER ELECTRODE LOCATION
Proper location of the electrode assembly is important for optimum system performance. The electrode assembly should be located so that the spark gap is inside the flame envelope about 1 inch (2.5 cm) from the base of the flame at the burner cup.

Electrodes should have a gap spacing of 3/16" (0.188" ± 0.031" or 4.76 mm ± 0.81 mm). If this spacing is not correct, the assembly must be adjusted or replaced. DO NOT adjust the curved igniter/sensor prong. Adjust/bend only the ground prong (More Detail Page 32).
SERVICE CHECKS

Flame current passes through the flame from the sensor to ground. The minimum flame current necessary to keep the system from lockout is 0.7 microamps. To measure flame current, connect an analog DC microammeter to the FC- FC+ terminals per figure at right.

Meter should read 0.7 µA or higher. If the meter reads below “0” on analog scale, meter leads are reversed. Disconnect power and reconnect meter leads for proper polarity.

TROUBLESHOOTING - FENWAL DSI
(also see Heater Troubleshooting Page 33)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMPTOM</th>
<th>RECOMMENDED ACTION(S)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Dead</td>
<td>A. Miswired - check electrical supply (120Vac ± 5%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. Transformer bad (24Vac ± 10%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C. Fuse/Circuit breaker bad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>D. Bad control (check LED for steady on)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Thermostat on - no blower output</td>
<td>A. Miswired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. Bad thermostat no voltage @ terminal W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C. Bad control (check LED for steady on)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Pressure switch input okay, but no Trial-for-Ignition after purge delay</td>
<td>A. Miswired (check PSW terminal voltage: 24Vac ± 10%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. Flame sense problem (existing flame: check LED - 2 flashes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C. Bad control (check line voltage between L1 &amp; IND)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Valve on, no spark</td>
<td>A. Shorted electrode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. Open HV cable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C. Bad control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Spark on, no valve</td>
<td>A. Valve coil open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. Open valve wire</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C. Bad control (check 24Vac voltage between V1 &amp; V2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Flame ok during TFI, no flame sense (after TFI)</td>
<td>A. Bad electrode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. Bad HV igniter wire</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C. Poor ground at burner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>D. Poor flame (check flame current)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Each tube heater requires 120V, 60 HZ electrical power sized for 145VA. The heater includes a 24V/120V relay switch. Maximum power draw for internal 24V burner components is 21VA.

The heater must be electrically grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code. ANSI / NFPA 70 or current Canadian Electrical code CSA C22.1.

A maximum night set-back of 9°F (5°C) is recommended for optimum economy and comfort. To maintain satisfactory comfort levels do not turn off the heating system over night/weekends.
21. GASLITER 50N (DSI): SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

The Gasliter 50N is a three trial ignition control module with a 30 minute soft lockout/reset. It is powered by a 24v transformer that is activated when the thermostat calls for heat. On every call for heat the Gasliter 50N will delay start-up to provide a 30 second system pre-purge. When the Gasliter 50N is activated by a thermostat or call for heat an internal transformer provides power to the electronic generator circuit for Spark Ignition and the retrial/safety lockout timing begins. At the same time, the Gasliter 50N opens the gas control valve allowing gas to flow to the main Burner.

The Gasliter 50N Control Module performs the following basic functions:

- Provides a 30 second system pre-purge
- Supplies power to the electronic pulse-generator circuit for the Spark Igniter (30,000 volts open circuit).
- Allows up to three 20 second Trials For Ignition (TFI) before a ‘soft’ system safety lockout of 30 minutes occurs.
- Three time TFI and soft 30 minute lockout repeat
- Senses the Burner flame for safe lighting
- Shuts off the spark after the Burner is lit.

Burner with direct spark ignition, sequence is as follows:

1a. Line Voltage Thermostat: Upon a call for heat by the line voltage Thermostat or “ON/OFF” switch, the Blower and the 120/24 volt Transformer are powered simultaneously with 115 volts. .... continue to 2.

1b. 24 Volt Thermostat: 120 volt supply to heater powers the 120v/24v Transformer and the 120V side of the Blower switching relay simultaneously. A call for heat by the 24 volt Thermostat energizes the 24 volt control circuit and the 24v/120 volt relay powering the Blower.

2. The 24 volt control circuit powers the DSI control in series through the normally open Air Pressure Switch (APS) and the normally closed Blocked Flue Switch (BFS).

3. The Blower creates a positive pressure and closes a normally open contact inside the Air Proving Switch (APS).

4. Provided there is no blockage in the system (tube and vent), the Blocked Flue Switch remains in a normally closed position.

5. 24 volts supplied to the DSI control initiates the 30 second pre-purge cycle.

6. After completing the 30 second pre-purge cycle the DSI control generates high voltage to the Spark Igniter, and 24 volts to energize the Gas Valve.

7. The Burner will light and establish a steady flame.

8. Once the flame sensor determines there is a steady flame established, with a minimum flame signal of 1.5 µA the spark igniter is then de-energized.

9. In the event ignition does not occur, the DSI control will retry the ignition sequence up to an additional two trials. If ignition does not occur after the third ignition trial, the system will enter a 30 minute ‘soft’ lock-out. This will reset the ignition module and the operating sequence will restart at step #1 after the 30 minute lock-out period.

10. If there is a loss of flame during the run mode, the unit will energize the spark within 0.8 seconds and perform a T.F.I., without the gas valve being closed first, this is called Spark Restoration. If a flame is not established during Spark Restoration the unit will repeat the process in step number 9 (above).
22. **IGNITION CONTROL: MODELS P40U-P, -W (-IP, -IW) - GASLITER MICRO 50N**

The MICRO 50N is a microprocessor-based DSI (Direct Spark Ignition) control which continuously monitors the burner to ensure safe operation under all conditions. The MICRO 50N DSI Control includes specified purge and trial times, multiple ignition attempts, a diagnostic alarm output, and automatic recycle on soft lockout. The polyurethane encapsulated circuit board is suitable for damp and wet environments. The MICRO 50N uses electrode flame sensing.

### SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating Voltage</td>
<td>24 VAC, 50/60Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power Consumption</td>
<td>200mA maximum, exclusive of valve/alarm loads</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Voltage</td>
<td>15kV minimum with 50 pF load</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spark Gap</td>
<td>0.150 inches +/- 0.050 inches, 3.8 mm +/- 1.2 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spark Rate</td>
<td>60 sparks per second</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ignition Trials</td>
<td>Three (3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepurge</td>
<td>30 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spark Duration</td>
<td>20 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inter-purge</td>
<td>30 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soft Lockout / Reset</td>
<td>30 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas Valve Output</td>
<td>2A maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm Output</td>
<td>2A maximum, dependent on optional alarm type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Temperature</td>
<td>-40°F to +185°F (-40°C to +85°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental Protection</td>
<td>Polyurethane encapsulated; 500 hour salt spray test to ASTM 117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mating Connectors</td>
<td>6 Pin: MOLEX 08-50-8063 or equivalent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timing Specifications</td>
<td>All timings are +/- 10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### NORMAL OPERATING SEQUENCE

**Power up / Pre-purge**

When powered up, the unit performs a series of diagnostic checks to determine if the system is in working order.

**Trial for Ignition**

After a 30 second pre-purge, the unit will power the valve solenoid and begin a 20 second trial for ignition. The spark will be enabled for the first 80% of the trial period and then suppressed for the last 20% of the trial period to allow the unit to sense weak flame signals.

**Run**

When a flame is sensed, the unit suppresses the spark and keeps the valve powered. Power is removed from the unit when the thermostat is satisfied.

### ABNORMAL CONDITION OPERATING SEQUENCE

**No Flame Established - Soft Lockout Mode (30 minutes)**

If a flame is not established during the trial for ignition, the unit will perform an inter-purge and retrial for ignition. This protocol is followed for three (3) trials. If a flame is not established during the final ignition attempt, the unit will enter the soft lockout mode, which includes a reset delay before another normal trial for ignition series begins.

| continued .... |

**Loss of Flame - Spark Restoration Retrial**
If there is a loss of flame during the run mode, the unit will energize the spark within 0.8 seconds and perform a spark restoration trial for ignition. In this mode, the ignition means is restored without the gas valve being closed. If a flame is not established during the restoration trial, the unit will perform as in “No Flame Established” fault operation above.

**Leaking Valve - Hard Lockout Mode**
If a flame is present when the gas valve is not energized, the unit will enter the hard lockout mode.

**Internal Fault - Hard Lockout Mode**
If an internal fault is detected within the unit, the unit will enter the hard lockout mode.

**System or External Fault - Hard Lockout Mode**
If the unit detects a system fault or an external fault, the unit enters the hard lockout mode.

---

### 23. SPARK IGNITER SET UP

Use the following diagram to check the Igniter gap. If the gap is incorrect all adjustments should be made to the GROUND PRONG/PIN ONLY! DO NOT BEND THE IGNITER PRONG!!!!

**USE THE BLACK BARS BELOW AS A GUIDE FOR ADJUSTMENT. USE THE BARS THAT COINCIDE WITH THE FORMAT & SIZE OF THIS PUBLICATION.**

IF this manual is in 8.5” x 11” “booklet” format (pages folded in half) then use these bars

3/16”   1/4”

OR

IF this manual is printed 8.5” x 11” “full page” format use these bars

3/16”   1/4”
24. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE — HEATER OPERATION — FENWAL DSI

**WARNING** Improper adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, injury or death. This heater must be installed and serviced only by a trained gas service technician.

**SEQUENCE OF EVENTS (also see DSI Troubleshooting previous page)**

- **APPLY 120 VOLTS - GREEN LIGHT**
  - NO
    - REMEDY 120 VOLTS SUPPLY FAULT

- **SET THERMOSTAT TO CALL FOR COMBUSTION AIR BLOWER**
  - NO
    - CHECK 120V TO DSI AT “L1”
    - CHECK 120V OUT AT “IND” FROM DSI TO

- **AIR PROVING SWITCH HAS CLOSED 24 VOLTS IS PRESENT AT “PSW” AT DSI CONTROL.**
  - NO
    - FAULTY RELAY SWITCH IN DSI — REPLACE DSI

- **BLOCKED FLUE SWITCH IS CLOSED 24 VOLTS IS PRESENT AT “TH” AT**
  - NO
    - CHECK TUBING TO SWITCH IS CONNECTED AND NOT BLOCKED OR KINKED
    - CHECK AIR PRESSURE WITH MANOMETER
    - CHECK FOR OBSTRUCTION IN THE AIR INTAKE
      - REPLACE DEFECTIVE BLOWER

- **SPARK IGNITER / SENSOR**
  - NO
    - CHECK DSI CONTROL FUSE FOR CONTINUITY
    - VISIBLY CHECK IF IGNITER IS SHORTING OUT
    - CHECK GROUND WIRING
    - REMOVE AND INSPECT IGNITER AND LEAD
    - CHECK BOOT OF THE IGNITION CABLE FOR SIGNS OF MELTING OR OVERHEATING
    - IF “YES” ... TAKE PROTECTIVE ACTION TO SHIELD CABLE AND BOOT FROM EXCESSIVE TEMPERATURE; REPLACE ANY DEFECTIVE COMPONENT
    - CHECK CERAMIC INSULATOR AND CAP

CONTINUED
**MAIN BURNER LIGHTS**

- CHECK FOR STRONG SPARK AT IGNITER........
  - (SEE PREVIOUS PAGE).
- CHECK FOR 24 VAC ACROSS GAS VALVE.
- CHECK OUTPUT VOLTAGE FROM CONTROL TERMINALS TO GAS VALVE.....IF NO VOLTAGE REPLACE CONTROL.
- CHECK ELECTRICAL WIRING, AND VOLTAGE BETWEEN IGNITION CONTROL AND GAS VALVE.
- IF OK, REPLACE GAS VALVE.

**SPARK STOPS WHEN BURNER LIGHTS**

- CONTROL IS NOT SENSING FLAME WITHIN THE 21 SECOND TFI AND IS STILL TRYING TO LIGHT
  - CHECK CONTINUITY OF SENSOR CABLE AND GROUND WIRE
  - CHECK BURNER FLAME IS COVERING SENSOR.
  - CHECK FLAME SIGNAL IN SERIES WITH THE GROUND AND MODULE FOR 1.5UA MINIMUM.
  - IF SIGNAL IS LOWER CHANGE IGNITER.
  - IF CHECKS ARE OK......REPLACE CONTROL.

**SYSTEM RUNS UNTIL CALL FOR HEAT ENDS**

- NOTE: IF IGNITION CONTROLS GOES INTO A LOCKOUT, INTERRUPT POWER AND RESTART.
  - CHECK CONTINUITY OF SENSOR CABLE AND GROUND WIRE AS A POOR GROUND COULD RESULT IN ERRATIC BEHAVIOUR AND NUISANCE SHUTDOWNS EVEN THOUGH OPERATION IS NORMAL AT THE TIME OF CHECKOUT.
  - CHECK FOR EXCESSIVE HEAT AT SENSOR INSULATOR AS TEMPERATURES ABOVE 1000°F(538°C) CAUSES SHORT TO GROUND.
  - CHECK FLAME SIGNAL IN SERIES WITH THE GROUND AND MODULE FOR A MINIMUM 1.5UA.
  - IF SIGNAL IS LOWER CHANGE IGNITER.
  - IF CHECKS ARE OK.....REPLACE CONTROL.

**CALL FOR HEAT ENDS: SYSTEM SHUTS OFF**

- CHECK TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER.
- CHECK FOR FAULTY WIRING, REMOVE GAS VALVE LEAD AT CONTROL ,
- IF VALVE CLOSES, RECHECK THE TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER AND WIRING.
- IF VALVE STAYS OPEN....REPLACE GAS VALVE

TROUBLESHOOTING ENDS
ALSO SEE FENWAL DSI
25. START-UP / COMMISSIONING SHEET

THIS EQUIPMENT HAS BEEN FACTORY FIRED AND TESTED PRIOR TO SHIPMENT. HOWEVER, THIS APPLIANCE IS NOT “PLUG & PLAY”. IT REQUIRES COMMISSIONING AND FIELD ADJUSTMENT / SPECIFICATIONS CONFIRMATION TO ENSURE SAFE AND EFFICIENT OPERATION.

COMMISSIONING REPORT
AS PER I&O MANUAL AND LOCAL CODES

CONTRACTOR NAME: ___________________________________________ DATE:________________________

ADDRESS:____________________________________________________________________________________

______________________________________________________________________________________________

CITY: ___________________________________________

PHONE: ___________________________________________

CELL: ___________________________________________

JOB SITE: _________________________________________ CITY: ____________________________

HEATER MODEL NUMBER: _____________________________________________
Located on burner rating plate

HEATER SERIAL NUMBER: _____________________________________________
Located on burner rating plate

TO ENSURE THAT SITE CONDITIONS ARE COMPATIBLE WITH THE HEATER’S PERFORMANCE AND TO ALLEViate NUISANCE CALL-BACKS, THE FOLLOWING START-UP NEEDS TO BE COMPLETED BY THE QUALIFIED GAS INSTALLER.

A TECHNICIAN CALLING FOR TECHNICAL SUPPORT MUST PROVIDE THE INFORMATION FROM THE COMPLETED COMMISSIONING REPORT ON THE NEXT PAGE

FAX COMPLETED REPORT TO TECHNICAL SERVICES:
FAX 1-866-361-0523,
VOICE 1-877-446-3727

WARNING START UP ‘SMOKE’

During start up, material coatings used in the production process of tubes and reflectors will “burn off” and create smoke during the first hour of operation. This is temporary and normal.

Please ensure that there is sufficient ventilation to adequately clear the smoke from the space. Notify site and safety personnel to ensure that alarm systems are not unduly activated.
**QUALIFIED INSTALLER TO COMPLETE THIS**
**TUBE HEATER COMMISSIONING REPORT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>TYPE OF GAS:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>DOES BUILDING HAVE A NEGATIVE CONDITION:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IF THIS IS A HIGH ALTITUDE AREA WHAT IS THE ALTITUDE ABOVE SEA LEVEL</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>DOES APPLICATION REQUIRE FRESH AIR TO BURNER</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IS HEATER EXPOSED TO CHEMICAL OR CORROSIVE ATMOSPHERE:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ARE ACTUAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES AS PER TABLE 3</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CAN HEATER BE AFected BY OVERHEAD CRANES / VIBRATION</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ARE GAS SUPPLY LINES ADEQUATELY SIZED FOR SYSTEM</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>GAS LINES AND BRANCHES HAVE BEEN PURGED OF AIR:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>THIS HEATER FIRED WITHOUT ANY MALFUNCTION:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>INLET GAS SUPPLY PRESSURE WITH HEATER OPERATING:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>WC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>GAS VALVE OUTLET (Manifold) PRESSURE WITH HEATER OPERATING:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>WC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WHAT IS THE LINE VOLTAGE READING AT THE HEATER</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Volts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WHAT IS THE VOLTAGE READING AT THE IGNITION MODULE</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Volts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WHAT IS THE FLAME SIGNAL STRENGTH IN uA FROM SENSOR:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>uA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IS HEATER CONTROLLED BY A THERMOSTAT</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IS THE THERMOSTAT STRATEGICALLY LOCATED</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WHAT IS TOTAL LENGTH OF INSTALLED THERMOSTAT WIRE</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WHAT IS THE GAUGE OF THE THERMOSTAT WIRE</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Gauge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WHAT IS THE HEATER TUBE LENGTH (10ft per Tube section)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WHAT IS THE TOTAL LENGTH OF THE VENT (add 10ft for each bend)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WHAT LENGTH IS COMBUSTION AIR INTAKE (add 10ft for each bend)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IF REQUIRED.....WHAT IS THE LENGTH OF THE TURBULATOR(S)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IF INSTALLED..... IS TURBULATOR AT FLUE END OF SYSTEM</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*"MAXIMUM STACKING HEIGHT" SIGN(S) - POSTED AT THERMOSTAT(S)*

**THIS HEATER MUST BE ELECTRICALLY GOUNDED**

FAX COMPLETED REPORT TO TECHNICAL SERVICES: FAX 1-866-361-0523, VOICE 1-877-446-3727
26. **DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT**

**Assembled System:**
- Weight: 86 pounds (39 kg)
- Dimensions: 119.5” L x 20” W x 12” H (3035 mm x 508 mm x 305 mm)

**Burner:**
- Weight: 26 pounds (11.8 kg)
- Dimensions: P40U: 16” L x 10.25” W x 10.75” H (406 mm x 260 mm x 273 mm)
  P40U-P,-W: 20” L x 10.25” W x 10.25” H (406 mm x 260 mm x 260 mm)

**Tube Reflector System:**
- Weight: 70 pounds (27 kg)
- Dimensions: 103.5” L x 16.5” W x 7.5” H (2629 mm x 420 mm x 190 mm)

**Turbulators** (factory installed):
- Burner side tube: 36” (914 mm)
- Vent side tube: 90” (2286 mm)

---

**FLEXIBLE GAS CONNECTOR (Included in Burner Kit) - MUST INSTALL - see Section 13**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>USA</strong> - Stainless Steel Flexible Gas Connector</th>
<th><strong>CANADA</strong> - Type 1 Hose Gas Connector</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>130,000 or less: JL-0771-XX - 1/2”x24”</td>
<td>130,000 or less: JL-0771-RC - 1/2”x36”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>155,000 or more: JL-0771-YY - 3/4”x36”</td>
<td>155,000 or more: JL-0771-RB - 3/4”x36”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
27. **HIGH ALTITUDE INSTALLATION**

When this appliance is installed above the altitude stipulated below, the input must be de-rated by 4% for each 1000 ft. If your local utility supplies gas with a de-rated heat content, no orifice change is required in the heater. Check with your local utility regarding de-rating.

**USA:** The factory installed orifice for this appliance is approved for altitudes zero to 2000 feet above sea level. Above 2000 feet, refer to table below.

**Canada:** The factory installed orifice for this appliance is approved for altitudes zero to 4500 feet above sea level. When installed above 4500 feet, refer to the table below.

---

### ORIFICE CHART - ALTITUDE CONVERSION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MODEL NO</th>
<th>FOR USE AT ALTITUDES ABOVE (FEET)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gas Orifice Drill Size / Part #</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supplied</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P40U / P40U-I NG</td>
<td>31 DMS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P40U / P40U-I LPG*</td>
<td>49 DMS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Field Conversion Kit required to convert between fuel gas types:
  - Part number: JS-0555-XB  P40U - Natural Gas to Propane Gas Conversion Kit
  - Part number: JS-0555-XA  P40U - Propane Gas to Natural Gas Conversion Kit
28. OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

Flue Vent Terminal

4” wall horizontal  JA-0528-XX
6” wall horizontal  JA-0529-XX

Combustion Air Intake Terminal

4” Wall Intake Terminal (bird screened)  JA-0532-VC

Torctite Coupler (c/w 2 bolts)  JA-0516-SW

Vent Tee  4” X 4” X 6”  JA- 0514-XX
(2 couplers optional)

Clearance Sign - Metal 18” x 6”  JL-0798-CS
- Required in some jurisdictions:
  • Vehicle service garages
  • 3/4” high red lettering on white background

#2 Lion Chain (115 lb work load)  JL-0800-XX
- 200 ft roll

Safety Snap Hooks - 2” - pkg of 25  JL-0800-SH
- pkg of 100  JL-0800-SH-B
**TruTemp Thermostat (24 Vac - 3-Wire)**
True comfort control for radiant heating systems - senses and averages ambient and radiant temperatures.
Occupancy sensor with auto set-back of 9°F (5°C).
*Do not use in wet or corrosive environments*

**Low Voltage Digital Thermostat**
(24 Volts - °F or °C selectable)
*Not for use in corrosive or wet environments*

**For P40U-P, -W, -IP, -IW: Wet Environments**

**Moisture Proof Thermostat - NEMA 4X**
- SPDT Line Voltage
- 40° - 110°F (5° - 40°C)
- Both °F & °C Scales
- Voltage: 24 - 277 Vac
- Differential: 3°F
- Stainless Steel Bulb
- UL Listed

**Multiple Heaters** per 24V Thermostat
**Relay Switch**: One required for each burner after the first burner in a zone (1st burner connects to 24V thermostat)
Refer to wiring diagram Page 26
(field installed at or in burner)

**Line Voltage Thermostat:**
Dual Scale: °F or °C
*Caution: Use of line voltage thermostat to control power supply to the heater will disable post-purge feature of the ignition control.*
*Not for use in corrosive or wet environments*
**JS-0602-UR-GK  PROTECTIVE GUARD SCREEN OPTION – Zinc Plated; Two Piece Kit**

- Recommended for heater mounted with less than 8 feet [2.4 m] between floor and bottom of heater or patio heating applications

Two sections make up the protective guard assembly that installs on the underside of the P40-U heater. Near the bottom edge at each side of the reflector are two sets of three holes. Each set of holes has one round hole at the center of the reflector, the other two holes are elongated and positioned between the center and the ends of the reflector. The pins that extend from each side of the two guard sections are inserted into these sets of holes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fig. 1</th>
<th>Fig. 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="drill.png" alt="Drill" /></td>
<td><img src="assembly.png" alt="Guard Assembly" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Step 1:** On ONE SIDE of the reflector, remove the bottom screws (Qty 3) that fasten the reflector to the end and center hanger brackets, Fig. 1. Retain screws for re-attachment of reflector.

**Step 2:** On the side of the reflector that remains securely fastened to the hangers, insert a pin located at the end of the Protective Guard into one of the 1/8" round holes located at the center of the reflector, Fig. 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fig. 3</th>
<th>Fig. 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="installation.png" alt="Pin Installation" /></td>
<td><img src="swing.png" alt="Guard Swing" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**STEP 3:** Continue installing pins into the reflector until all three pins on one side of the heater are inserted, Fig 3.

**STEP 4:** Swing the guard up to the opposite side of the reflector that was loosened from the hangers, Fig. 4.
**STEP 4:** On the second side of the reflector, first insert a guard pin into the center hole, Fig 5. Insert remaining guard pins in the reflector holes, Fig 6.

**Step 5:** Repeat the process with the second guard section.

**Step 6:** Re-install the screws at the bottom edge of the reflector into the three hangers, Fig. 7.

**Notes:**
1) To bend the pins, use needle nose pliers to hold the guard screen securely, Fig.8 and another set of pliers to bend the pin sideways, Fig.9.
2) DO NOT bend the pins downwards, it can damage the edge of the reflector.

**STEP 7:** To secure the guard in place bend the end pins of each guard section sideways and towards each other, Fig. 10 & 11. The center pin does not require bending.
# PART | PART # | PART DESCRIPTION | MODEL
--- | --- | --- | ---
1 | BURNER HOUSING: | JJ-0582-XX | Burner housing coated gray
 | | JS-0582-XX | Burner housing coated orange
 | BURNER CUP | JS-0510-LP | Burner Cup with Vanes
 | AIR RESTRICTOR RING | JS-0596-RA-RA | Air Restrictor Ring - 6 x 0.273" Holes
 | | JS-0596-RA-RA | Air Restrictor Ring - 2 Holes
 | MAIN BURNER ORIFICE | JS-0731-DM | Gas orifice low intensity HR 31 DMS 40,000 NG
 | | JS-0749-DM | Gas orifice low intensity HR 49 DMS 40,000 LP
 | BURNER CHAMBER | JS-0504-XX | Burner Chamber
 | AIR RESTRICTOR | JS-0592-RF | Burner air restrictor P40-R 40 NG & LP
 | EQUALIZER PLATE | JS-0593-EP-R | Outlet equalizer plate 40,000 - 13 Holes 40 NG & LP
 | BLOWER GASKET | JS-0578-XX | Blower gasket - Outlet Each
 | AIR INTAKE COLLAR | JS-0595-SC | Air Intake Collar - 1.5" Hole 40 NG & LP
 | BLOWER | JS-0579-AAA | Blower Assembly Tube Burner
 | MANIFOLD BUSHING | JM-0589-XX | Manifold bushing
 | 90 DEGREE ELBOW FITTING 1/2" | JS-0588-XX | Street elbow fitting 90 deg
 | GAS VALVE - NG | JL-0701-AAA | Gas Valve comb 3.5" WC 24VAC VR8 NG 40,000 NG
 | GAS VALVE - LPG | JL-0703-AAA | Gas Valve comb 10" WC 24VAC VR8 LP 40,000 LPG
 | 4" NIPPLE | JS-0590-XX | Nipple 4"
 | TERMINAL BLOCK | JM-0455-DD | Terminal block - Electrical Connections
 | STEP DOWN TRANSFORMER | JA-0775-XX | Transformer 120/24V, 20VA
 | COMPONENT PLATE | JS-0581-SE | Component mounting plate SE
 | IGNITION CONTROL | JA-0567-XX | Fenwal 3-Trial 24Vac with blower relay
19 | COMBUSTION AIR PROVING SWITCH | JS-0576-UG | Air Proving Switch 1.00" WC
20 | BLOCKED FLUE PROVING SWITCH | JS-0577-RR | Blocked Flue Switch 0.46" WC
21 | PRESSURE SWITCH TUBING | JS-0572-SE | Tubing set 2 x 20" PVC SE
22 | INDICATOR LAMPS | JW-0519-AM | Indicator light amber
 | | JW-0519-GR | Indicator light green
 | | JW-0519-RE | Indicator light red

Also see kit next page
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>PART DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>PART #</th>
<th>PART DESCRIPTION PRIMARY</th>
<th>SUPPLEMENT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>ELECTRICAL CORD</td>
<td>JB-0567-XX</td>
<td>Cord - electrical 6’</td>
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<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>IGNITER KIT</td>
<td>JA-0571-KT</td>
<td>Spark Igniter &amp; Gasket Kit</td>
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<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>SIGHT GLASS ASSEMBLY</td>
<td>JS-0536-XX</td>
<td>Sight glass assembly - tube heater</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>FLANGE WASHER PLATE</td>
<td>JS-0501-UW</td>
<td>Washer plate - Bottom 2 Burner studs</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>TUBE FASTENING BRACKET</td>
<td>JS-0502-UV</td>
<td>Positions tube in hanger / reflector system</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>FLANGE GASKET</td>
<td>JS-0591-XX</td>
<td>Flange Adapter Gasket</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>FLAME RECTIFIER</td>
<td>JS-0592-RR</td>
<td>Flame Rectifier</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PARTS UNIQUE TO:**
- P40U-P
- P40U-W
- P40U-IP
- P40U-IW

**Burners with FENWAL IGNITION CONTROL - Models: P40U-F; P40U-I-F**
18 FENWAL DSI CONTROL JA-0567-XX 3-Trial 24Vac with blower relay "-F" Models
18 REPLACEMENT KIT: S87J JA-0568-KT Fenwal Control + Wire Harness + Cable + Igniter: Replaces Fenwal & S87J
24 IGNITION CABLE JS-0518-SA Hi voltage wire (24") STW - 2 x 1/4" Spades

**Burners with HONEYWELL S87-J IGNITION CONTROL - Models: P40U; P40U-I**
18 HONEYWELL IGNITION CONTROL JA-0568-XX DISCONTINUED - NO LONGER AVAILABLE
18 REPLACEMENT KIT to FENWAL CONTROL JA-0568-KT Fenwal Control + Wire Harness + Cable + Igniter
24 IGNITION CABLE HONEYWELL S87J JS-0518-XX Wire hi voltage (24") S87J Bullet Connection

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# PART DESCRIPTION | PART # | PART DESCRIPTION PRIMARY | APPLICABLE
---|---------|--------------------------|--------
W1 | BURNER HOUSING | JS-0582-WP-P | Powder Coated Burner Housing Wet Environment | Indoor/Outdoor
| | JS-0582-WP | Stainless Steel Burner Housing Harsh Environment | Indoor/Outdoor
W2 | BURNER HOUSING GASKET SET | JS-0591-WP | Housing gasket set |            |
W3 | AIR INTAKE GASKET | JS-0601-WP | Air intake gasket | each
W4 | COMBUSTION AIR INLET | JS-0583-WP | Powder Coated Combustion air inlet |            |
| | JS-0583-15 | Stainless Steel Combustion air inlet |            |
W5 | SEALTIGHT CONNECTOR | JP-2036-XX | Connector liquid tight |            |
W6 | BURNER STABILIZING BRACKET | JS-0583-05-P | Burner suspension bracket |            |
W7 | WATERPROOF GROMMET | JP-2101-XX | Water proof butt connectors |            |
W18 | COMPONENT PLATE | JS-0583-41 | component mounting plate |            |
W22 | IGNITION CONTROL | JB-0568-AA | Control - DSI 3 Try potted Gasliter MICRO 50N |            |
W23 | IGNITION CONTROL WIRING HARNESS | JB-0568-WH | 3 Try potted spark DSI control wiring harness |            |
W27 | IGNITION CABLE - MICRO 50N | JS-0518-SA | Hi voltage wire (24") STW - 2 x 1/4" Spades |            |
# P40U TUBE / REFLECTOR SYSTEM - ALL MODELS

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
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<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>TUBE FASTENING BRACKET</td>
<td>JS-0502-UV</td>
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<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>PREFORMED U-TUBE</td>
<td>JS-0501-UT-R</td>
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<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>P40U HANGER</td>
<td>JS-0506-UH-R</td>
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<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>P40U REFLECTOR</td>
<td>JS-0502-UR-R</td>
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<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>REFLECTOR END PLATE</td>
<td>JS-0502-UT-R</td>
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<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>P40U TURBULATOR 39&quot;</td>
<td>JS-0533-SK</td>
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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>P40U TURBULATOR 90&quot;</td>
<td>JS-0533-UT</td>
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<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>OPTIONAL VENT CAP</td>
<td>JA-0528-XX</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OPTIONAL GUARD SCREEN</td>
<td>JS-0502-UR-GK</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Optional Item

Not Shown
LIMITED WARRANTY CERTIFICATE

FOR GAS-FIRED INFRA-RED LOW INTENSITY TUBE HEATERS: P40U (-P, -W)& P40U-I (-IP, -IW) SERIES

The Manufacturer warrants that this product is free from defects in material or workmanship under normal use and service subject to the terms of this document.

THREE YEAR WARRANTY
Subject to the conditions and limitations stated herein, during the term of this limited warranty, we will supply any component part (at our option a new or repaired component part) of the heater as defined below, excluding any labor, which the Manufacturer’s examination determines to be defective in workmanship or material for a period of three years (3 years) from the date of installation, unless otherwise specified below. This warranty applies to the heater’s original owner, and subsequent transferees and only if the unit is installed and operated in accordance with the printed instructions accompanying the unit and in compliance with all applicable installation codes and good trade practices. Warranty is only applicable to Schwank components, other parts are limited to their own Manufacturers warranty period of one year (1 year).

TEN YEAR WARRANTY
The Manufacturer warrants the burner sub-assembly comprising of ceramic and immediate metal tubing, and the radiating tubes (excluding couplings) for a period of ten years (10 years).

WHAT IS NOT COVERED
The Manufacturer shall not be responsible for any expenses, including service, labor, diagnosis, analysis, material or transportation charges incurred during removal or reinstallation of this product, or any of its components or parts. All labor or service charges shall be paid by the owner. This warranty does not cover heating products improperly installed, misused, exposed to or damaged by negligence, accident, corrosive or contaminating atmosphere, water, excessive thermal shock, impact, abrasion, normal wear due to use, alteration or operation contrary to the owner’s manual or if the serial number has been altered, defaced or removed. This warranty shall not apply if the input to the heating product exceeds by more than 2% of the rated input on the rating plate. The Manufacturer shall not be liable for any default or delay in performance by its warranty caused by any contingency beyond its control, including war, government restrictions, or restraints, strikes, fire, flood, acts of God, or short or reduced supply of raw materials or products.

WARRANTY PROCEDURE
To establish the installation date for any purpose under this Limited Warranty, you must retain the original records that can establish the installation date of your unit. If you do not provide such documents, the start date of the term of this Limited Warranty will be based upon the date of unit manufacture, plus thirty (30) days. Failure to maintain the equipment through regular annual service maintenance by a qualified service technician shall void the warranty.

LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS
This document contains all warranties made by the Manufacturer and may not be varied, altered or extended by any person. There are no promises, or agreements extending from the Manufacturer other than the statements contained herein. THIS WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL WARRANTIES EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, TO THE EXTENT AUTHORIZED BY THE LAWS OF THE JURISDICTION, INCLUDING SPECIFICALLY THE WARRANTIES OR MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

It is understood and agreed that the Manufacturer’s obligation hereunder is limited to repairing or replacing parts determined to be defective as stated above. In no event shall the Manufacturer be responsible for any alleged personal injuries or other special, incidental or consequential damages. As to property damages, contract, tort or other claim the Manufacturer’s responsibility shall not exceed the purchase price paid for the product.

All replacement parts will be warranted for the unused portion of the warranty coverage period remaining on the applicable unit.

Some Authorities do not allow certain warranty exclusions or limitations on duration of warranty or the exclusions or limitations of incidental or consequential damages. In such cases, the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you and are not intended to do so where prohibited by law. This warranty gives you specific legal rights. You may also have other rights which vary by jurisdiction.

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